



**Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt**  
**Braunschweig and Berlin**  
National Metrology Institute



Flight Calibration Services



Institut für Grundlagen der Elektrotechnik und Messtechnik  
Fachgebiet Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit



Leibniz  
Universität  
Hannover

# WERAN

**Interaction of Wind Turbines and  
Terrestrial Navigation / Radar Systems**



**T. Schrader, J. Bredemeyer, C. Stupperich, H. Garbe**

EMWT 2017

Braunschweig, 6.-7.12.2017

Gefördert durch:



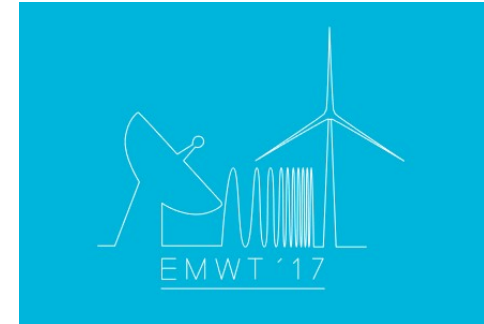
Bundesministerium  
für Wirtschaft  
und Energie

aufgrund eines Beschlusses  
des Deutschen Bundestages

FKZ: 0325644A-D



# Programm EMWT 2017



06.12.2017

13:00 – 13:15	Einführung WERAN Abschluss-Workshop <i>PTB Braunschweig, Dr. T. Schrader</i>
13:15 – 13:45	Entwicklung der Flugmessplattform <i>PTB Braunschweig, Dr. M. Mihalachi</i>
13:45 – 14:15	Messtechnik Radar und Ergebnisse <i>FCS Flight Calibration Services GmbH, Dr. J. Bredemeyer</i>
14:15 – 15:00	Messtechnik Drehfunkfeuer und Ergebnisse <i>PTB Braunschweig, Dr. T. Schrader</i>
15:00 – 15:30	Kaffeepause
15:30 – 16:00	Messtechnik Windprofiler und Wetterradar <i>FCS Flight Calibration Services GmbH, Dr. J. Bredemeyer</i>
16:00 – 17:00	Numerische Simulationen <i>Leibniz Universität Hannover, S. Sandmann / D. Härke</i>
17:00 – 17:30	Abschlussdiskussion
Ab 17:30	Get together/Imbiss

20:00 and 21:00 Bustransfer to Braunschweig City

# Programm EMWT 2017



07.12.2017

9:00 – 9:30	Verträglichkeit von radioastronomischen Messungen und Windenergieanlagen <i>Max-Planck-Institut für Radioastronomie, Dr. B. Winkel</i>
9:30 – 10:00	Über Numerische 3D-Systemsimulationen und Systeme für Windkraftanlagen <i>NAVCOM Consult, Dr. G. Greving</i>
10:00 – 10:30	Einfluss von Windparks auf moderne ASR Radarsysteme unter Berücksichtigung von Multilevel-Doppler-Filterprozeduren <i>Airbus Defence and Space, Dr. A. Frye</i>
10:30 – 11:00	Kaffeepause
11:00 – 11:30	Elektromagnetische Modellierung von zeitvarianten Effekten durch Windenergieanlagen <i>Fraunhofer Institut, Dr. F. Weinmann</i>
11:30 – 12:00	Richtungsabhängiges Radarecho von Windenergieanlagen <i>Jade Hochschule, Wilhelmshaven, K. Schubert</i>
12:00 – 12:30	Analysis and simulation of micro-Doppler features of wind turbine's clutter: recent progress in extensions of TU Delft's simplified model <i>TU Delft, Dr. O. Krasnov</i>
12:30 – 13:00	Abschlussdiskussion

# Content

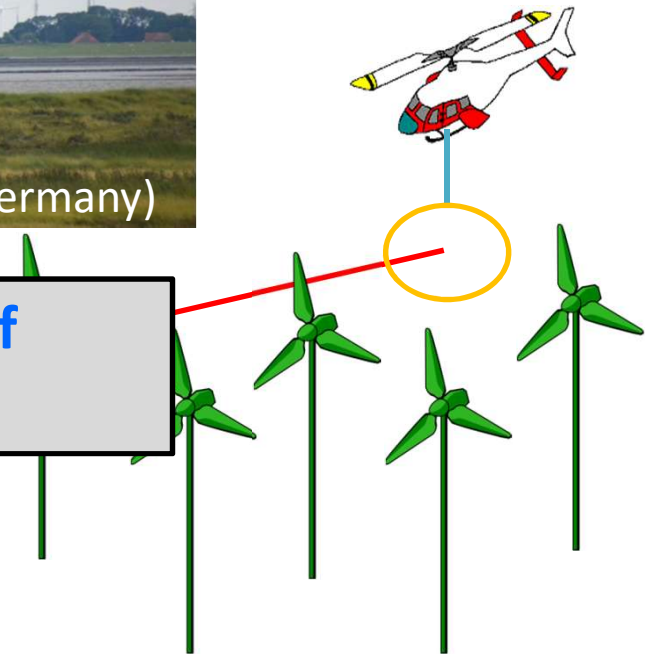
- EMC Problem and Background
- Economic Dimension
- Technical systems
- Scientific Approach
- Project team


# EMC Problem and Background



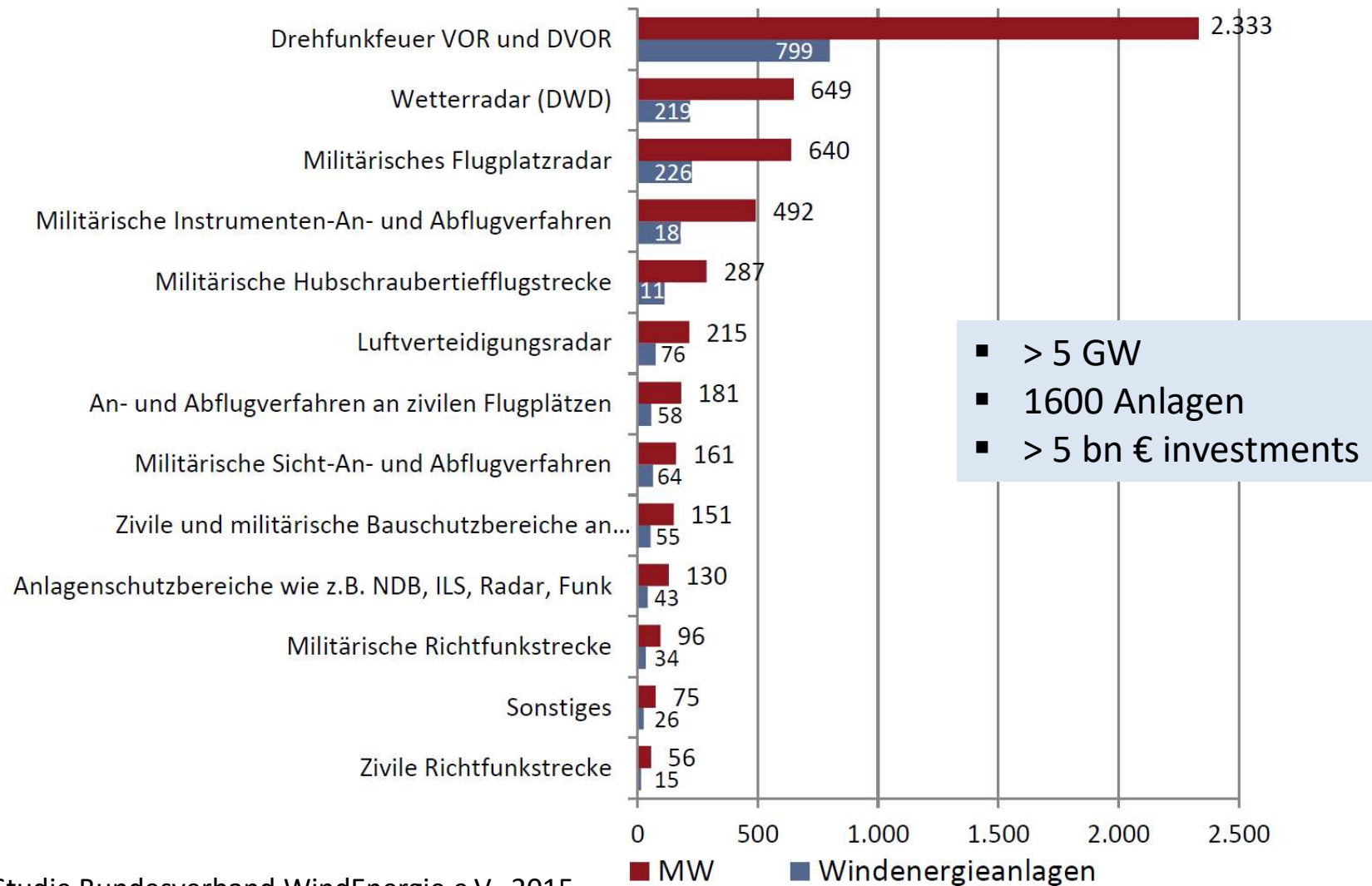
View southwards from Langeoog island (North Sea, Germany)

**Need for On-Site measurements of signal integrity**



- 
- Area within 15km (10 km) radius around navigation aid or radar subject to survey per ICAO EUR DOC 015. National law per LuftVG §18a.
  - „Safety radius“ also requested by DWD for weather radar / wind profiler.

# Economic Dimension



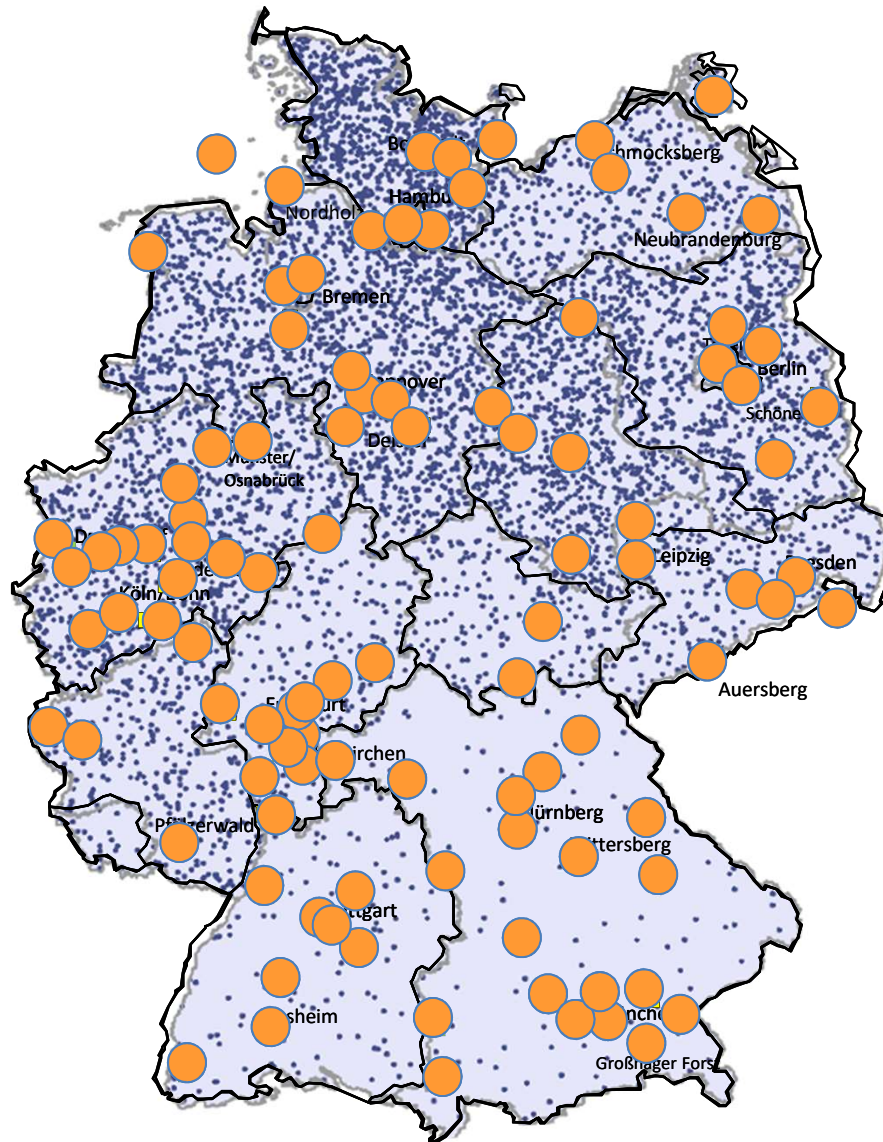
Source: Studie Bundesverband WindEnergie e.V., 2015



# Technical Systems

Non-directional beacons (NDB) and direction finder (ADF)	500 kHz
VHF Omnidirectional radio range (CVOR, DVOR)	112 MHz
Airport surveillance radar (ASR)	2,7 GHz
Military radar systems (LVR)	some GHz
DWD weather radar (C-Band precipitation radar)	5,6 GHz
DWD UHF Wind profiler	482 MHz

# Map of Wind Turbines, VOR and Radar systems, 2009



■ DFS-Radaranlagen ASR  
Airport surv. radar 100 km

■ Weather radar 150 km

■ VOR / DVOR

○ 15 km radius

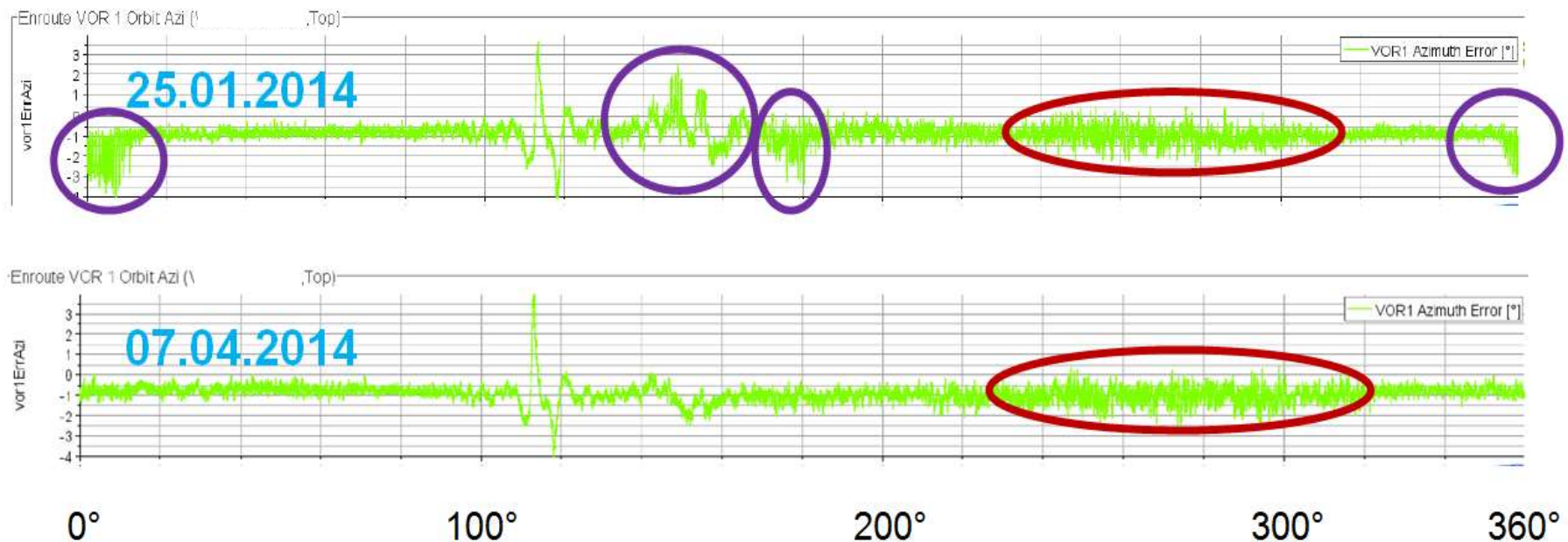
One point = 3 WT

22.000 WT total in DE, 2016





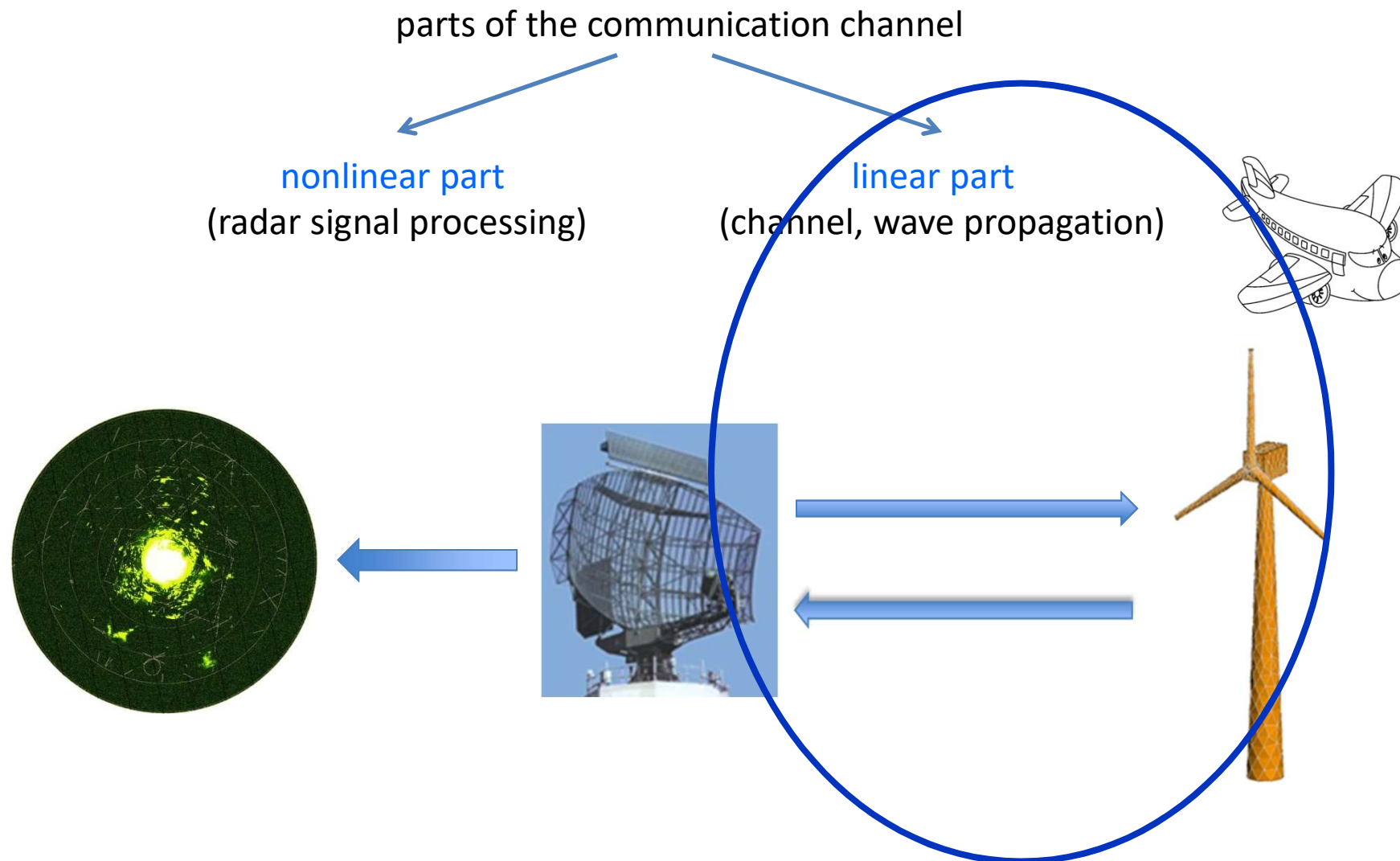
# Observation: Noise of Bearing Error



Conventional Flight inspection:

- Aircraft is flying in a circle (orbit) around the DVOR, radius 10 NM
- Two subsequent observations
- Line 2 shows improvements (antenna repair, cut of trees)
- **What influence is caused by additional WT or Repowering?**

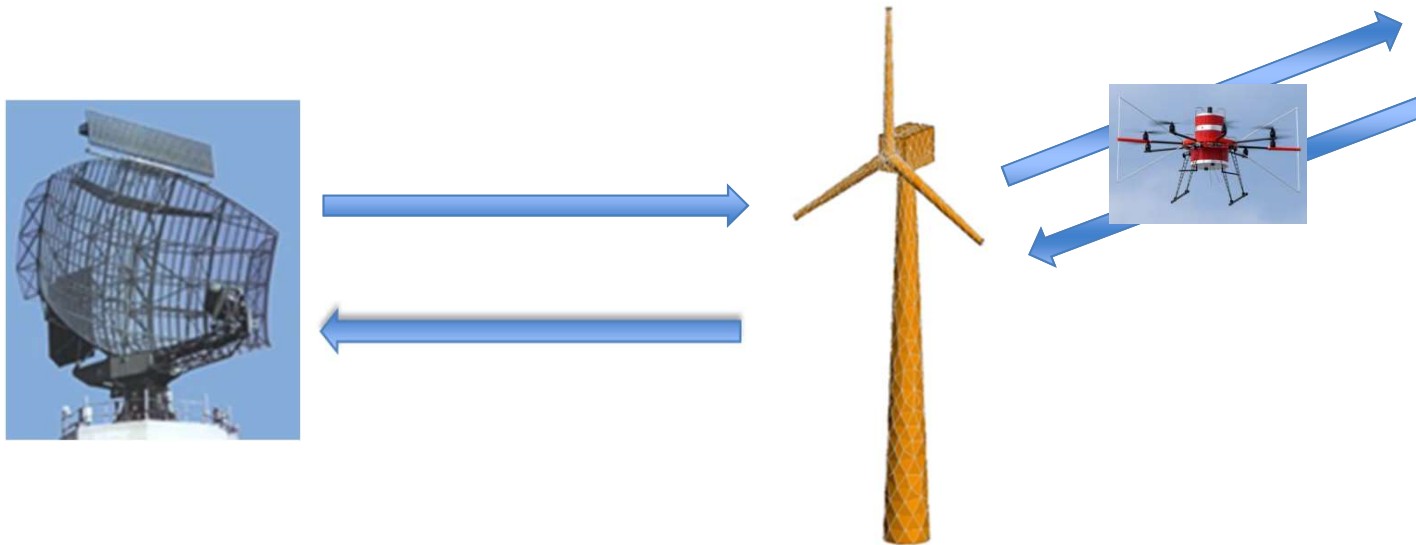
# Scientific Approach



# Scientific Approach

linear part of signal propagation channel:

on-site measurement of wave propagation and numerical simulation





# Aim of the project WERAN regarding DVOR

## Identification & quantification of the additional bearing error caused by interference of wind turbines with DVOR.

- Determine change of signal content of electromagnetic fields behind wind turbines (signal integrity)
- Where possible: Obtain impact on key value such as bearing error
- Conventional flight inspection using typical VOR receiver can not dissolve this issue:
  - as only processing the full bandpass signal renders the information on AM and FM separately.
  - aircraft can not hover in critical area behind WT to show the effect
- Understanding of the complete problem (signal-in-space consist of FM and AM).
- Design of measurement procedure, UAS-based instrumentation and data evaluation software.
- Numerical simulations

## Agreement between measurement and numerical simulation → probing suitable signals (EM fields)

UAS: unmanned aerial system



# Project Partners of WERAN

Partner	Ansprechpartner	Adresse
Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB) Fachbereich 2.2: Hochfrequenz und Felder	Dr. Thorsten Schrader (Verbundkoordinator)	Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig
Leibniz Universität Hannover Institut für Grundlagen der Elektrotechnik und Messtechnik	Prof. Dr. Heyno Garbe	Appelstraße 9a 30167 Hannover
FCS Flight Calibration Services GmbH	Dr. Jochen Bredemeyer	Hermann-Blenk-Str. 32A 38108 Braunschweig
steep GmbH	Christoph Stupperich	Justus-von-Liebig-Str. 18 53121 Bonn

## Non-funded Partners:

German Air Traffic Control (Dt. Flugsicherung)

German Weather Service (DWD)

Gefördert durch:



aufgrund eines Beschlusses  
des Deutschen Bundestages

FKZ: 0325644A-D

# Summary

- Investigation of interaction between WT und terrestrial nav / radar
- Measurement of the linear part of the „communication channel“
- On-Site Measurements of signal integrity
  - with and w/out wind turbines
  - rotating turbines vs. static objects
  - conventional and radar flight inspection
- Realistic numerical simulation of the linear part of the RF channel
- Validation of numerical results by measurements
- Determine signal integrity
- Operator decides about tolerable „change“ of key value such as bearing error

# Acknowledgement - Team of WERAN project



Christoph Stupperich  
Christoph Brenner



Institut für Grundlagen der Elektrotechnik und Messtechnik  
Fachgebiet Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit



Heyno Garbe  
Sergei Sandmann  
Dominic Härke



Jochen Bredemeyer  
Jörg Follop



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